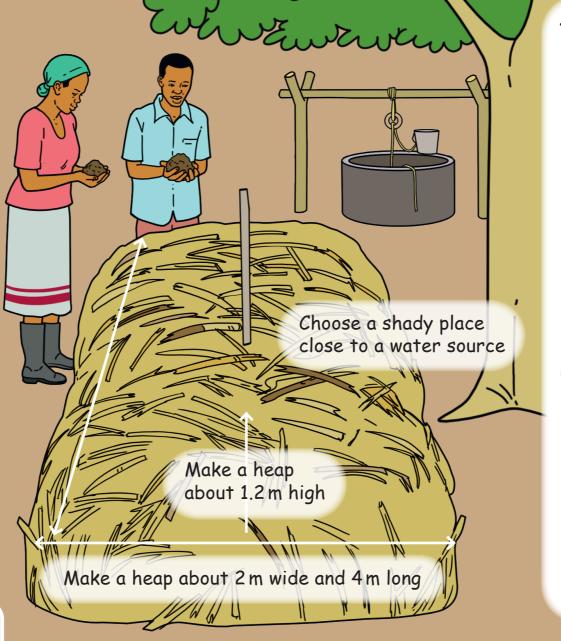
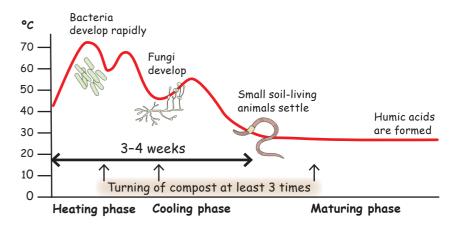
How to make good quality compost

Well prepared compost builds the soil and provides nutrients to support good plant growth

> In dry climate, produce compost in pits 0.5 m deep



Temperature changes during composting



The heat released during decomposition helps to kill weeds, plant diseases and pests.

How to check moisture during composting



Press a sample to assess the moisture level





Material falls apart = too dry

Material smears or drips = too wet

Material keeps its form without dripping = ideal

Five steps to produce a good compost



• Cover the piled manure and the green materials before use

2 Mix and water the materials



 Mix 1 part comprising fresh plant materials and manure, to 2 parts of medium rough dry materials

3 Pile the mixed materials



· Make a heap of the recommended size and cover it with straw, leaves etc. (plastic is not recommended)

4 Check the temperature after 2 to 3 days



- · Cool stick = heap too dry or lacks enough green material or manure
- Hot stick = materials decomposing well



- Turn the heap after about 10, 20 and 40 days at least
- · Remove the straw before turning
- · Water the compost, if dry
- · Cover the heap again



